



# 10 ESSENTIAL TIPS ---for---

## Flu Prevention

### Vaccinate yourself and others

1. If you don't get the flu, you won't pass it on. The vaccine reduces the chance you will get the flu. Encourage others to get vaccinated, too.

### Keep flu out of the air

2. Limit the time patients with suspected flu spend in open waiting rooms; separate them from others.
3. Offer surgical masks to people who are coughing or sneezing and encourage them to cover their coughs. Supply tissues, trash cans and hand sanitizer in waiting areas.
4. Place patients with flu in a private room.
5. Avoid unnecessary transport of infectious patients—and have them wear surgical masks outside their rooms.

### Keep flu off of yourself—follow standard and droplet precautions

6. Wear eye protection, gown and gloves.
7. Wear respiratory protection when in the room with the patient and until the air has cleared after the patient has left the room (about one hour), or if you are doing procedures that may aerosolize infectious particles.
8. Wash your hands often. Use hand sanitizer or wash with soap and water before and after all patient care.
9. Avoid touching your face, clothing or mask with your hands.

### Keep the environment clean

10. Focus cleaning on high-contact surfaces—for instance, door knobs, elevator buttons, reception desks, exam tables, pharmacy furniture.

These practices are offered by frontline teams, KP health educators and infection control experts. They are intended not as a definitive list but as a starting point for team discussions. Go to [LMPartnership.org/tentips](https://lmpartnership.org/tentips) for links to stories and tools to help you keep yourself, your family and your patients and our members safe from the flu.

Flu season is here, and it's important to stay well. As a matter of patient and workplace safety and professional pride, we can take steps to protect ourselves, our families, co-workers, and members and patients from flu and other infectious diseases. Here's how.